

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i

Feb 7, 2019 – 10:30 AM JST

PDB ID : 6JBX

Title: Crystal structure of Streptococcus pneumoniae FabT in complex with DNA

Deposited on : 2019-01-27

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report.

This report is produced by the wwPDB biocuration pipeline after annotation of the structure.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.7.3 (157068), CSD as539be (2018)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : rb-20031633

Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

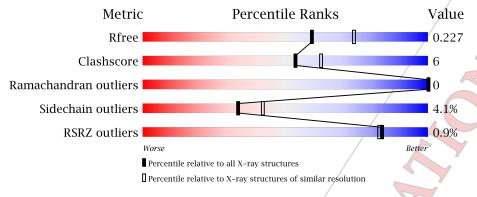
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20031633

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Similar resolution} \ (\# ext{Entries},  ext{resolution range}( ext{Å})) \end{aligned}$
$R_{free}$	111664	4343 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	122126	5027 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	120053	4952 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	120020	4953 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	108989	4245 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain			
1	Ą	152	<b>%</b>	83%		13%	·
1	В	152	% 	79%		14%	• 6%
2 /	C	23	57%		35%		9%
/3	D	23	7	8%		13%	9%



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3540 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Fatty acid biosynthesis transcriptional regulator.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	146	Total 1193	C 751	N 218	O 218/	S 6	0	0	0
1	В	143	Total 1177		N 212	O 217	S 5	0	1	0

There are 16 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual/	Comment	Reference
A	-8	MET	- /	expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61
A	-7	GLY	-/	expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61
A	-6	HIS	/-	expression tag	ÚNP A0A062WM61
A	-5	HIS	_	expression tag/	UNP A0A062WM61
A	-4	HIS		expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61
A	-3	HIS /	_	expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61
A	-2	HIS/	-	expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61
A	-1	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61
В	-8	MET	-	expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61
В	-7	GLY		expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61
В	-6	HIS 🙏	-	expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61
В	-5	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61
В	-4	HIS	<u> </u>	expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61
В	-3 /	HIS	- /	expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61
В	-2	HIS	_/	expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61
В	/-1	HIS	/-	expression tag	UNP A0A062WM61

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(\*AP\*AP\*TP\*AP\*GP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*GP\*AP\*CP\*TP\*CP\*AP\*AP\*AP\*TP\*TP\*AP\*TP\*G)-3').

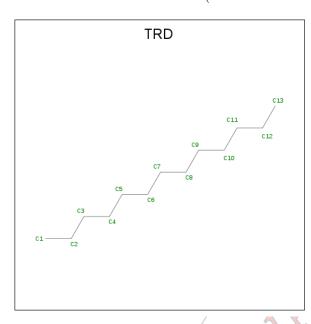
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
/ 2	0	23	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	0
/ 2		23/	470	228	84	136	22	U	0	



• Molecule 3 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(\*CP\*AP\*TP\*AP\*AP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*GP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*GP\*TP\*CP\*AP\*AP\*AP\*CP\*TP\*AP\*TP\*T)-3').

Mol   C	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	D	23	Total 465	C 226	N 83	O 134	P 22	0 /	0	0

• Molecule 4 is TRIDECANE (three-letter code: TRD) (formula: C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>28</sub>)



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	В	1	Total C 13 13	0	0
4	В	1 /	Total C 13 13	0	0

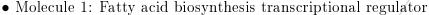
• Molecule 5 is water.

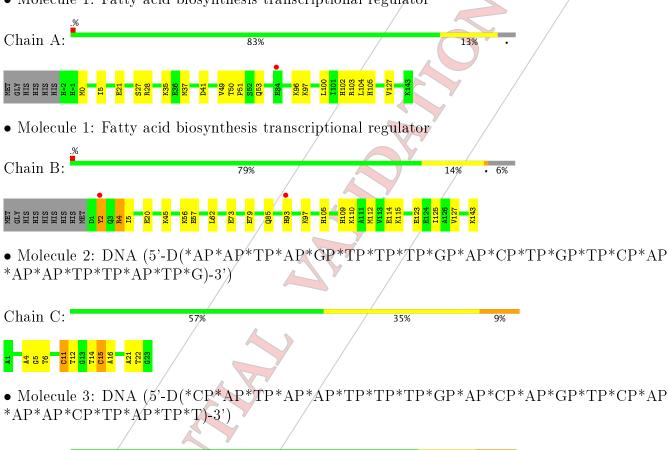
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	71	Total Ó 71 71	0	0
5	В	84	Total O 84 84	0	0
5	C	26	Total O 26 26	0	0
5	D	28	Total O 28 28	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.









# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor	
Cell constants	73.02Å 60.87Å 74.09Å	Danagitan	
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 105.40° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	35.96 - 2.20	Depositor	
resolution (11)	35.93 - 2.20	EDS	
% Data completeness	98.6 (35.96-2.20)	/Depositor	
(in resolution range)	98.6 (35.93-2.20)	EDS	
$R_{merge}$	0.09	Depositor	
$R_{sym}$	0.09	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.24 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0222	Depositor	
D D.	0.188 , 0.221	Depositor	
$R, R_{free}$	0.194 , $0.227$	DCC	
$R_{free}$ test set	1503 reflections $(4.76%)$	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	38.0	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.043	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35 , 45.0	EDS	
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.010 for l,-k,h	Xtriage	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS	
Total number of atoms	3540	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	45.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 15.00% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

#### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TRD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	$\mathbf{Bond}$ angles $/$		
MIOI		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5		
1	A	0.65	0/1210	0.67	0/1623		
1	В	0.65	0/1193	0.66	0/1601		
2	С	0.70	0/527	1.01	5/813 (0.6%)		
3	D	0.66	0/521	1.00	$4/802 \; (0.5\%)$		
All	All	0.66	0/3451	0.79	9/4839 (0.2%)		

There are no bond length outliers.

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	D	5	DA	C1'-O4'-C4'	-6.89	/103.21	110.10
2	С	4	DA	O5'-P-OP2	-5.86	100.43	105.70
3	D	14	DT/	O5'-P-OP1	-5.75	100.53	105.70
2	С	5	DG	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.54	104.56	110.10
2	С	15	ĎС	O5'-P-OP2	-5.45	100.79	105.70
2	С	14	/DT	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.40	104.70	110.10
2	С	11 /	DC	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.22	104.88	110.10
3	D	14	DT	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.07	105.03	110.10
3	D	/16	DA	O5'-P-OP2	-5.03	101.17	105.70

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1193	0	1233	13	0 /
1	В	1177	0	1218	17	0/
2	С	470	0	261	4	0
3	D	465	0	260	5	0
4	В	26	0	56	5	0
5	A	71	0	0	3	0
5	В	84	0	0	5	0
5	С	26	0	0	1 /	0
5	D	28	0	0	1 /	0
All	All	3540	0	3028	37/	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (37) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

<b>A</b>	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-2	$\operatorname{distance}\left(\operatorname{\AA} ight)$	overlap (Å)
5:A:201:HOH:O	1.80	0.94
4:B:202:TRD:H12	1.62	0.81
3:D:13:DG:O5'	1.81	0.81
5:B:301:HOH:O	2.02	0.78
5:D:101:HOH:O	2.01	0.76
1:B:93:HIS:CE1	2.25	0.71
5:C:101:HOH:O	2.09	0.70
1:A:53:GLN:HG3	1,95	0.67
4:B:202:TRD:H12	2.28	0.64
1:B:93:HIS:CE1	2.51	0.64
4:B:202:TRD:H131	1.80	0.63
1:A:100:LEU:HG	1.84	0.59
2:C:16:DA:C8	$\sqrt{2.39}$	0.58
4:B:202:TRD:H131	2.36	0.56
1:A:53:GLN:HB2	2.38	0.53
	2.80	0.49
1:A:5:ILE:HG12	1.93	0.49
		0.49
5:B:358:HOH:O	2.13	0.49
1:B:114:GLU:OE1	2.13	0.47
1:B:127:VAL:HG11	1.96	0.47
1:B:2[A]:TYR:CD1	2.88	0.47
/2:C:22:DT:O5'	2.16	0.46
5:B:309:HOH:O	2.49	0.46
5:A:204:HOH:O	2.41	0.45
	4:B:202:TRD:H12 3:D:13:DG:O5' 5:B:301:HOH:O 5:D:101:HOH:O 1:B:93:HIS:CE1 5:C:101:HOH:O 1:A:53:GLN:HG3 4:B:202:TRD:H12 1:B:93:HIS:CE1 4:B:202:TRD:H131 1:A:100:LEU:HG 2:C:16:DA:C8 4:B;202:TRD:H131 1:A:53:GLN:HB2 1:B:109:HIS:NE2 1:B:109:HIS:NE2 1:B:5:ILE:HG12 1:B:5:ILE:HD13 5:B:358:HOH:O 1:B:114:GLU:OE1 1:B:127:VAL:HG11 1:B:2[A]:TYR:CD1 2:C:22:DT:O5' 5:B:309:HOH:O	Atom-2       distance (Å)         5:A:201:HOH:O       1.80         4:B:202:TRD:H12       1.62         3:D:13:DG:O5'       1.81         5:B:301:HOH:O       2.02         5:D:101:HOH:O       2.01         1:B:93:HIS:CE1       2.25         5:C:101:HOH:O       2.09         1:A:53:GLN:HG3       1.95         4:B:202:TRD:H12       2.28         1:B:93:HIS:CE1       2.51         4:B:202:TRD:H131       1.80         1:A:100:LEU:HG       1.84         2:C:16:DA:C8       2.39         4:B;202:TRD:H131       2.36         1:A:53:GLN:HB2       2.38         1:B:109:HIS:NE2       2.80         1:A:5:ILE:HG12       1.93         1:B:5:ILE:HG12       1.93         1:B:5:ILE:HD13       1.77         5:B:358:HOH:O       2.13         1:B:114:GLU:OE1       2.13         1:B:127:VAL:HG11       1.96         1:B:2[A]:TYR:CD1       2.88         2:C:22:DT:O5'       2.16         5:B:309:HOH:O       2.49

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} \operatorname{Clash} \ \operatorname{overlap}\ ( ext{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:B:56:LYS:NZ	5:B:310:HOH:O	2.50	0.45
1:A:35:LYS:NZ	5:A:207:HOH:O	2.50	0,45
1:B:4:ARG:HH21	1:B:5:ILE:CD1	2.30	0.44
3:D:12:DA:C2'	3:D:13:DG:O5'	2.60	0.44
1:A:27:SER:HB2	1:A:104:LEU:HD21	2.01	0.43
3:D:12:DA:H2"	3:D:13:DG:C5'	2.48	0.42
1:B:97:LYS:NZ	5:B:307:HOH:O	2.41	0.42
1:A:51:PRO:HD2	3:D:5:DA:OP1	2.20	0.42
1:A:41:ASP:OD1	1:A:102:HIS:HE1	2.03	0.41
1:A:37:MET:HG3	1:A:105:HIS:CD2	2.55	0.41
1:A:127:VAL:HG11	1:B:123:GLU:HG3	2.02	0.40
2:C:11:DC:C6	2:C:12:DT:H72	2,56	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percenti	iles
1	A	144/152 (95%)	142 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100 10	00
1	В	$142/152 \ (93\%)$	142 (100%)	0	0	100 10	00
All	All	$286/304 \ (94\%)$	284 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100 1	00

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (1)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was



analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	${f ntiles}$
1	A	$135/140 \ (96\%)$	133 (98%)	2 (2%)	67	80
1	В	133/140~(95%)	123 (92%)	10 (8%)	15	15
All	All	$268/280 \; (96\%)$	256 (96%)	12 (4%)	33	37

All (12) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	21	GLU
1	A	28	ARG
1	В	2[A]	TYR
1	В	2[B]	TYR
1	В	4	ARG
1	В	20	GLU
1	В	45	LYS
1	В	57	GLU
1	В	62	LEU
1	В	85	GLN
1	В	110	LYS
1	В	115	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type
1	A	102	HIS
1	A	105	HIS
1	В	93 /	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains i

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.



#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type Chair		Type	Chain	Res	Dog	Dag	Des	Dog	Dec	Dag	Pag	Dog	Link	Bo	nd leng	ths	B	ond ang	les
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2										
4	TRD	В	201	-	12,12,12	0.94	0	11,11,11	0.48	0										
4	TRD	В	202	-	12,12,12	1.08	0	11,11,11	0.70	0										

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	TRD	В	201	- /	-	0/10/10/10	0/0/0/0
4	TRD	В	202	-/	7 7	0/10/10/10	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	В/	202	TRD	5	0

#### 5.7 Other polymers $\bigcirc$

There are no such residues in this entry.



# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	$\sqrt{{ m Q}{<}0.9}$
1	A	$146/152 \ (96\%)$	-0.12	1 (0%) 87 86	27, 43, 67, 83	0
1	В	143/152 (94%)	-0.23	2 (1%) 75 73	25, 39, 59, 84	0
2	С	23/23 (100%)	-0.38	0 100 100	30, 46, 72, 76	0
3	D	$23/23 \ (100\%)$	-0.51	0 100 100	33, 46, 67, 69	0
All	All	$335/350 \ (95\%)$	-0.21	3 (0%) 84 83	25, 41, 67, 84	0

#### All (3) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	2[A]	TYR	2.9
1	В	93	HIS	/2.5
1	A	84	GLU	2.5

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	TRD	В	201	13/13	0.88	0.30	48,55,61,66	0
4	TRD	В	202	13/13	0.91	0.26	62,65,68,73	0

# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

